

THE ORANGEBURG TIMES.

Orangeburg, S. C., July 3, 1872.

LARGEST CIRCULATION IN THE COUNTY.

J. S. HEYWARD, Editor.

Henceforth, all Legal Advertisements, of County Interest, whether notices or others, will be published for the benefit of our readers whether they are paid for or not.

Before our next issue comes out, the South will have laid out for her the path that her chosen men shall think most proper for her to pursue—the Convention will have met in Baltimore and decided for us the most feasible plan for us to work for political redemption. Everything seems to point out that if the Cincinnati nominations are not actively, they will at least passively be endorsed; and we hope that the former course will be adopted.

For the first time since the war the North has extended toward the South an invitation for cooperation and it is our duty to ourselves and those dependent upon us that we should accept in the spirit of honest and earnest patriots the hand of fellowship. Hitherto our fight for salvation has been as that of the unaided and disarmed prisoner, bound in the chains of social and political disfranchisement against the headless and uncurbed scuffs of sectional malignity and political power. Now dawns the day of our redemption. Let us not come to the day's work encumbered with old prejudices. We can not carry them. If the people of the North can cast aside the natural and almost legitimate arrogance of the victor, there surely can be servility ascribed to such action on our part as recognises the change which has been wrought in the political situation of our common country.

If our slaves are all emancipated then slavery is indeed and in truth dead—if negroes are enfranchised, then indeed and in truth can colored men vote. These are accomplished facts which it were more manly to accept and deal with as facts than longer to mutter "it should not be thus."

If the supremacy of the national Union has been established through our inability to have it otherwise decreed, what good can come of our mutterings that "we would not have it so." We have no longer the privilege of a choice. The facts are these and are we not men enough to admit them and bravely bear them as we do all the other responsibilities of this life? Are the men of the South, who before this sad reverse took hold upon us even our very vitals, claimed civilization, enlightenment second to none, and to whom they were conceded, prepared to risk opportunity after opportunity to the redemption of themselves and their land on adherence to the faith of an era that is past? God forbid! And is not this simple burial of defunct questions all that is requested of us? Surely this is all. And if, as we may call it, a straight democratic ticket is nominated—that is of men who are known to have been life long democrats—would they open the campaign by claiming the right of secession and the existence of slavery? Surely no. And why should any democrat withhold his vote from Greeley; particularly when his antagonist is the exponent of Radicalism Grant, who devoid of one element of statesmanship displays but one motive, self aggrandizement, and but one sentiment—a never sated greed for all he can get and all he can't get? To us the affiliation of political parties on an issue so vital as this is no more description of creed than the association of various religious denominations for the supporting one pastor comfortably in preference to starving two or three; or the association of various political creeds in one masonic lodge. In either case a paramount duty calls into subservience all minor distinctions; and if ever there was

duty so paramount, it is this: it is this—no longer to linger, but enter dispassionately upon this duty of the redemption of all who feel a common cause with the South, whether he hails from North or South and be black or white, radical, republican or democrat.

We publish by request, for the benefit of our readers who take pleasure in gun and line, the text of what is called the game law passed by our last Legislature. It prohibits all hunting of deer between December and September, under a penalty of twenty dollars; and under a like penalty protects the fish nurseries of such private individuals only as post written notifications, that they propose raising fish therein. This protection holds good at all times of the year.

We publish also an Act prohibiting under penalty of one hundred dollars the use by planters of private checks in settling with laborers.

While upon legislative deeds we would call attention of all parties taking out license, to the text of the enacted licensed swindle entitled an "Act to provide for a general license law," which prescribes the duty of the Auditor to be the issuing of a single license which shall be good from the date of issue to the first day of April next thereafter. In this whole town we have seen but one license issued in conformity to the law, and we would advise our friends who are now taking out their licenses to have them made out to read "until the first day of April 1873," bearing in mind that if they have paid one fee of twenty five cents to the Auditor, it is all that the law allows him for licensing you during the whole year. What right the County Auditors (we believe the practice is the same throughout the State as here) had to buy four times the necessary amount of cardboard for the State and have four times the amount of printing done and issue quarterly license without law, we can not see, unless it was a Columbia job for the benefit of the State Auditor & Co. Be that as it may, the citizens here need not have illegal licenses nor need they pay Van Tassel one dollar for twenty five cents fee. Remember twenty five cent entitles you to Radical grease for your machine until next April, no matter how they package it.

For the Orangeburg Times.
A FINE DAY.

MESSRS. EDITORS: Doubtless the many intelligent readers of your valuable paper, who are looking forward to our country's redemption, which must grow out of the rising generation, would hail with joy any intelligence concerning the educational interests of our country. It was the fortune of the writer of this article to attend the closing exercises of the interesting school of Mr. Hugo Sheridan, on Friday, the 28th of June, at Haigler's Academy.

At 10 o'clock, the exercises were opened with prayer, when Mr. Sheridan immediately proceeded to the examination of pupils. This was done in a manner which could not fail to please every one richly to the cause. A more rigid examination we never witnessed. Without a hesitation and scarce a mistake, the little ones, as well as the larger ones, passed through the ordeal with honor to themselves and credit to their teacher. And when we remember that there was no special preparation for the occasion, we are forced to the conviction, that Mr. Sheridan has happily chosen his proper calling. The hour having now arrived, when another set of exercises was to be witnessed, we left the stand under which we had been seated for three hours, and with the brilliant crowd, moved towards a rising smoke, about 200 yards distant, which filled the air with the perfume of roasting viands. Here we found a long table groaning under a load of good eating, (we love good eating) with all the substantial and delicacies of the season; before which we stood, each man to help himself. We, however, being a comparative stranger in the large crowd, did not feel inclined to "push," but sticking close to our good friend, Dr. Summers (who declared he would "see us out," we passed through the crowd without difficulty. Feeling satisfied that we had done our duty to the friendly board, we started for more water; and quaffing a glass of lemonade without the lemon and sugar, we

took a farewell look back at the shining board. Over the shoulders of those of a little shorter stature than ourself, we glanced the good doctor still bending over a dish filled to the brim with kid, mutton, rice, beans, pickles, &c., &c., we thought. The doctor saw us through, but we can't spare the time and patience to see him through. We therefore returned to the stand in time to procure a good seat, that we might enjoy the "fun" that was behind. After dinner had been cleared up and all things in their right places, the entertainment of the afternoon commenced. Speeches, interspersed with dialogues and plays, which were truly amusing, were the next in order. The following is the programme; Extracts, by Masters Hugo Sheridan, Harmon Bair, James Bothett, R. Smith, Thos. Hoigler, Eddie Crier, Tarleton Jordan, Mr. J. H. Stoudemire, and James L. Sheridan; after which came two original speeches by Wm. L. Glaze, subject, Education; and G. Whitfield Wells, subject, Our Government as it now is." The speakers all acquitted themselves well, especially the two last. One holding up the vital importance of education, in order to good and salutary government and morals; the other with much grace and fine diction, portraying the wretchedness and ruin of that government whose laws are framed by ignorance and corruption. We conclude by congratulating Mr. Sheridan and his pupils on a complete success.

SPECTATOR.

Rowe's Pump,
June 20th, 1882.

MR. EDITOR:—Our Township, in common with others in the County, held a meeting on Saturday the 29th, to assess the School Tax for the coming year.—The meeting was largely attended—colored prepondering. We were called to order by Vandy Bowman Bowman (colored), School Trustee, who told us the object of the meeting.

A. F. Browning, Esq., was elected chairman, but declined in favor of Col. D. R. Barton. The meeting, however, selected Mr. Browning who assumed the chair. Mr. William L. Wolfe was elected Secretary. The question of schools was discussed generally, and the school tax particularly. The sum of two mills on the dollar was proposed and advocated. An amendment of one and a half mills was offered. Quite a discussion ensued during which Col. Barton made some effective remarks in favor of the lower assessment. The chairman was requested to give his views. He expressed himself in favor of the one mill and a half tax. The higher assessment was, however, advised, and two mills will be our school tax.

A political meeting was afterward had, at which speeches were made by Vandy Bowman, and others. The former pitched into the ring heavily, particularly firing upon J. Felder Meyers, saying that the party wanted a change of officials and certainly wanted no dishonest man or one presented by the Grand Jury. Messrs. Riggs and Meyers were present. Mr. Riggs spoke for himself, but Mr. Meyers refused. Afterwards the white citizens present requested Mr. A. F. Browning to speak, which he did, firing the first shot for Greeley in this County, and forcibly and eloquently urging his election. His remarks were well received, but the majority of that meeting were for Grant, we take it for granted.

AVERAGE WEIGHT OF COTTON BALES.—The average weight of cotton bales put up in different countries during the past ten years, is given as follows:

American cotton bales average 438 pounds; Egyptian cotton bales average 495 pounds; East India cotton bales average 386 pounds; Turkish cotton bales average 382 pounds; West India cotton bales average 216 pounds; Brazilian cotton bales average 165 pounds.

The average American crop is 3,000,000 bales. The average Egyptian crop is 300,000 bales; total crop of India is 1,550,000 bales; total crop of Turkey is 200,000 bales; total crop of West India is 150,000 bales, and the total Brazilian crop is 800,000 bales.

The telegram in this morning's paper, confirms the report that the Geneva Commission, upon full Governments of the United States and Great Britain were at variance, in reference to the construction of the proper terms and extent of the treaty. It has ruled out the admissibility of the claims for indirect damages. In other words, that these are not legitimately within the intent and meaning of the treaty.—(Courier).

COUNCIL CHAMBER,
ORANGEBURG C. H., S. C.,
June 20, 1872.

Council met. Present, His Honor the Mayor, and Aldermen Wilcock, Martin, Boliver and Oliveros. Minutes of last meeting were read and approved.

The following resolution was offered by His Honor, the Mayor:

Whereas, The New Street, continuing Amelia Street to the Railroad Depot, passes over the lands of P. Gowan, Esq., W. F. Hutson, Esq., estate of Seligman, Estate of Sass, W. A. Bull, Esq., and the Presbyterian Church lot, who cannot agree with council upon the amount of compensation for the land required for said street.

Resolved, That this Council appoint Samuel Dibble, Esq., as its Commissioner to ascertain the amount of such compensation in each case above named.

Resolved, that each of the land-owners above-named be requested to appoint a commissioner in his own case, and that the Board of County Commissioners be requested to appoint a third commissioner in the case of such land owner named, in order that the amount of such compensation may be duly ascertained. The resolution was adopted and Samuel Dibble, Esq., was declared commissioner for this Council.

On motion it was resolved that the Ordinances, this day ratified, be published one insertion in the Times, and one insertion in the News. There being no further business, on motion, Council adjourned.

E. J. OLIVEROS,
Clerk O. T. C.

List of Letters Remaining in the
Orangenburg P. O. to July 3d, 1872.

Adaline Bars,
Emanuel Bair,
S. Briggs, (col'd.)
Mrs. Mary Barton,
Eugenia F. Funches,
Wm. Glover,
Angie Hutto,
P. F. Harley,
Abbie Smith,
P. A. Sharp,
Mrs. E. J. Thompson.

Persons calling for the above letters will please say they are advertised.

F. DeMars, P. M.

OBITUARY.

Died at the residence of Mr H. F. Saley in this County, on 29th of May 1872, Mrs Rachel Corbitt, aged 82 years and 5 months.

COMMERCIAL.

ORANGEBURG COTTON MARKET.
COTTON.—Sales for the week ending July 3d, 8 bales. Ordinary 21 cents, low middling 22½; middling 23.

CHARLESTON, S. C., July 1.—Demand for cotton dull. No sales. Rice market 81. Gold 113½/114.

NEW YORK, July 1.—Cotton lively 26½. Gold 14.

NEW ORLEANS, July 1.—Cotton dull; middling 24½.

Prices Current.

PREPARED FOR THE TIMES.
[CORRECTED WEEKLY.]

Cotton	:	:	lb	21 @	23
Bacon Hams	:	:	lb	16 @	00
" Sides	:	:	"	10 @	12
Lard	:	:	"	14 @	15
Corn	:	:	bu	90 @	1 00
Peas	:	:	"	@	1 25
Oats	:	:	"	75 @	1 00
Flour	:	:	cwt	5 60 @	6 50
Fodder	:	:	"	1 25 @	1 50
Rough Rice	:	:	"	1 55 @	
Butter	:	:	lb	25 @	50
Eggs	:	:	doz	@	15
Turkeys	:	:	pr	2 00 @	2 50
Geese	:	:	"	1 00 @	1 25
Chickens	:	:	"	20 @	25
Bees Wax	:	:	lb	16 @	20
Beef	:	:	"	10 @	12
Tallow	:	:	"	10 @	

Male Academy,
ORANGEBURG, C. H. S. C.

TERMS PER MONTH:

English - - - - - \$4.00
Classical - - - - - 5.00

The exercises of this Institution were closed on the 25th June, and will be resumed on the 1st of September.

JAMES S. HEYWARD, Teacher.

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

BIDS are requested until the 15th inst., for the Lumber, Shingles and workmanship of a two story building, 80 x 40 feet; or for the job as a whole. Bids to be handed to Samuel Dibble, Chairman Executive committee, Orangenburg County Fair Fund, who will furnish any information required.

LAWRENCE R. BECKWITH,
Secretary Ex. Com.
July 3, 1872

D. W. ROBINSON,
MERCHANT TAILOR,

HAS Removed and is now located on Russell Street over F. H. W. Briggmann's Store, where he is prepared to fit gentlemen with clothes of the newest and most approved styles. Satisfaction guaranteed in every instance.

D. W. ROBINSON.
July 2, 1872

ORANGE GRANGE

WILL Meet at the usual place on Wednesday, July 10th, 1872. Members will please be prompt as the Grange will meet punctually at ten o'clock A. M.

MORTIMER GLOVER,
Secretary.
July 3, 1872

NOTICE.

ALL Persons indebted to the late firm of A. Dukes & Shuler, will make immediate payment to Messrs. IZLAR & DIBBLE or their accounts will be sued.

J. W. H. DUKES
Surviving Partner.
June 28th, 1872

W. J. DeTreville,
ATTORNEY AT LAW.

Office at Court House Square,
Orangeburg, S. C.
mch 13-lyr

CENTRAL HOTEL,
(PLAIN STREET,)

COLUMBIA, S. C.

Board - - - - - \$2 Per Day
25-3m D. B. CLAYTON, Proprietor.

AGENTS WANTED

TO SELL

DEAD ISSUES AND LIVING RESULTS:

or, A history of Sherman's march through South Carolina, by H. C. Mack, Murfreesboro', Tenn.

A volume of 700 pages, with maps and engravings.

Agents wanted in every county in the State. Very liberal commissions allowed.

Those who desire to secure agencies will be furnished with combined Prospectus and Subscription Book, Circulars, &c., on receipt of one dollar. Address F. P. BEARD, General Agent for South Carolina.

Special Notices.

Flavoring extracts are of primary importance in cookery; and of all articles of this description the highly concentrated Standard extracts, prepared by Joseph Barnett & Co., Boston, are pronounced by leading chefs—Professor Biot among the number—the purest and best.

Human Wrecks.—Every day and hour we meet with broken-down specimens of humanity—wrecks that seem past hope of salvage. At least seven-eighths of these might be filled with new vitality, by a course of Dr. Walker's California Vinegar Bitters. Many are suffering from the reaction of run-polluted liquors or powerful minerals. It is characteristic of Dr. Walker's Great Restorative that it neutralizes the effect of these mis-called remedies, and accomplish in time a perfect cure.

Nature gives us Teeth, but she does not preserve and purify them. That must be done with fragrant Seodont. The dental brace and its enamel casing are made invulnerable to all destructive influences by the daily use of this beneficent preparation.

\$50,000 Dollars will be paid for any remedy which will cure chronic Rheumatism, Pains in the limbs, back and chest, Sore Throat, Insect Stings, croup, Dysentery, colic, Sprains and Vomiting, quicker than Dr. Tolia's Venetian Liniment; established in 1847; never fails.—Sold by all Druggists. Depot, 10 Park Place, New York.

Carbolic Salve unequalled as a healing compound. Physicians recommend it as the most wonderful remedy ever known. Price 25 cents per box. John F. Henry, sole Proprietor, 8 College Place, New York.

Christador's Hair Dye.—This magnificent compound is beyond contingency, the safest and most reliable dye in existence; never failing to impart to the Hair, uniformity of color, nourishment and elasticity. Manufactory, 68 Maiden Lane, New York.

Scapnia is opium purified of its sickening and poisonous qualities. It is a perfect anodyne not producing headache or constipation of the bowels, as is the case with other preparations of opium. John Farr, Chemist, New York.

Pratt's Astral Oil.—More accidents occur from using unsafe oils, than from steamboats and railroads combined. Over 200,000 families continue to burn Pratt's Astral Oil, and no accidents directly or indirectly have occurred from burning, storing or handling it. Oil House of Charles Pratt, Established 1770, New York.

T. D. Clancy & Co., Charleston, agents for South Carolina.

A beautiful White, soft, smooth and clear skin is produced by using G. W. Laird's "Bloom of Youth." It removes tan, freckles, sunburns, and all other discolorations from the skin, leaving the complexion brilliant and beautiful. Sold at all druggists. This preparation is entirely free from any material detrimental to health.

Just the Remedy Needed.—Thanks to Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup, we have for years been relieved from sleepless nights or painful watching with poor, suffering, teething children.

For Dyspepsia, indigestion, depression of spirits and general debility in their various forms; also, as a preventative against fever and ague, and other intermittent fevers, this Ferro-Phosphated Elixir of Calisaya, made by Caswell, Hazard & Co., New York, and sold by all Druggists, is the best tonic, and as a tonic for patients recovering from fever or other sickness, it has no equal.

Risley's Genuine Golden Bell Cologne Water, according to the original formula of Provost, Paris, so long and favorably known to the customers of Haviland, Harrah and Risley and their branches, for its fine permanent fragrance is now made by H. W. Risley and the trade supplied by his successors, Morgan & Risley, Wholesale Druggists, New York.

Thurston's Ivory Pearl Tooth Powder.—The best article known for cleansing and preserving the teeth and gums. Sold by all Druggists. Price 25 and 50 cents per bottle. F. C. Wells & Co., New York. March 1-ly

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has such a circulation as to render

a desirable medium to advertise by

in who wish to reach the whole

Hundreds who are not members

the ORDER take it. THE VI

LOW PRICE at which

THE ADVOCATE

is offered places it within the

of EVERY FAMILY in the Land

All should take it. Parents can

be too careful in selecting reading

their children. Nothing is more

injurious to the morals of the country

than the trashy literature of the

REMEMBER

That THE ADVOCATE is reformat

in its tone, and aims to elevate human

ity.

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F. P. BEARD,

Editor and Proprietor,

Orangeburg, S. C.

ESTABLISHED 1836.

THE subscriber is prepared to supply former friends and others with

FINE and PLAIN PARLOR and BEDROOM

SUITS, and OTHER FURNITURE,

having recently added to his stock, and will

continue to replenish the same.

Also,

CROCKERY and OTHER GOODS,

which he offers at low prices for cash.

A. C. SQUIER,

One block east of New City Hall, nearly opposite

Carroll & Spelman's Carriage Factory

N. B.—Furniture neatly repaired at moderate

prices. June 29—36—3m